



# Deep Storage for Exponential Data



Nathan Thompson CEO, Spectra Logic

**DEEP STORAGE EXPERTS** 

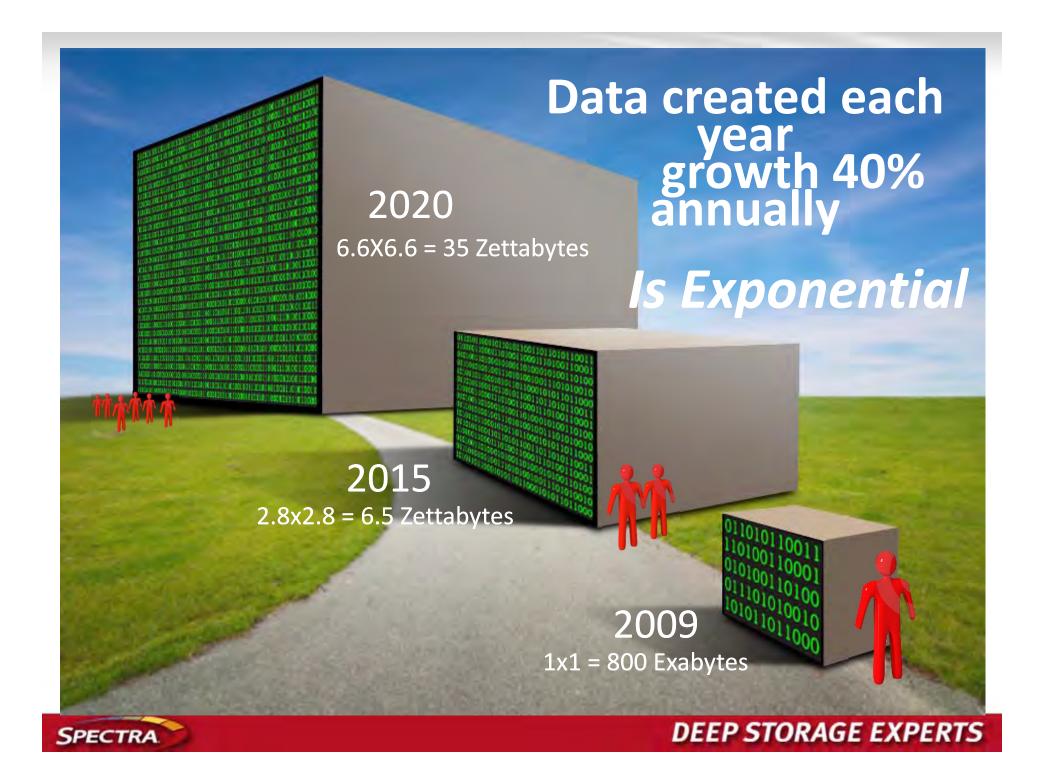


## **HISTORY**

- Partnered with Fujifilm on a variety of projects
- HQ in Boulder, 35 years of business
- Customers in 54 countries



- Spectra builds tape libraries
  - LTO and TS Libraries
  - nTier Verde low cost high reliability disk arrays
  - BlackPearl DS3/S3Appliance



# What is "Exponential Data"?

- By 2020 the Digital Universe will hold 40-85 Zettabytes\*
  - 1 Zettabyte = 1000 Exabytes or  $10^{21}$  bytes
  - 1 Exabyte = 1000 Petabytes or  $10^{18}$  bytes
  - 1 Petabyte = 1000 Terabytes or  $10^{15}$  bytes
  - 1 Terabytes = 1 Million \* 1 Million bytes

### Who here today is working with a Petabyte of data?

- Clayton Christensen wrote about Disruptive Technology in his book, "The Innovator's Dilemma"
- Spectra sees a "disruptive" usage of tape for storing much of the "Digital Universe"

\*Source: IDC, The Digital Universe in 2020



# **Tape Storage Usage**





### **Deep Storage:**

A Public/Private cloud interface to Tape Storage





# State-Of-Art Storage Media\*



400GB Flash Drive (Seagate)\*\*



100GB Blu-Ray rewritable disk (Verbatim)



6TB Enterprise grade disk drive (Seagate)



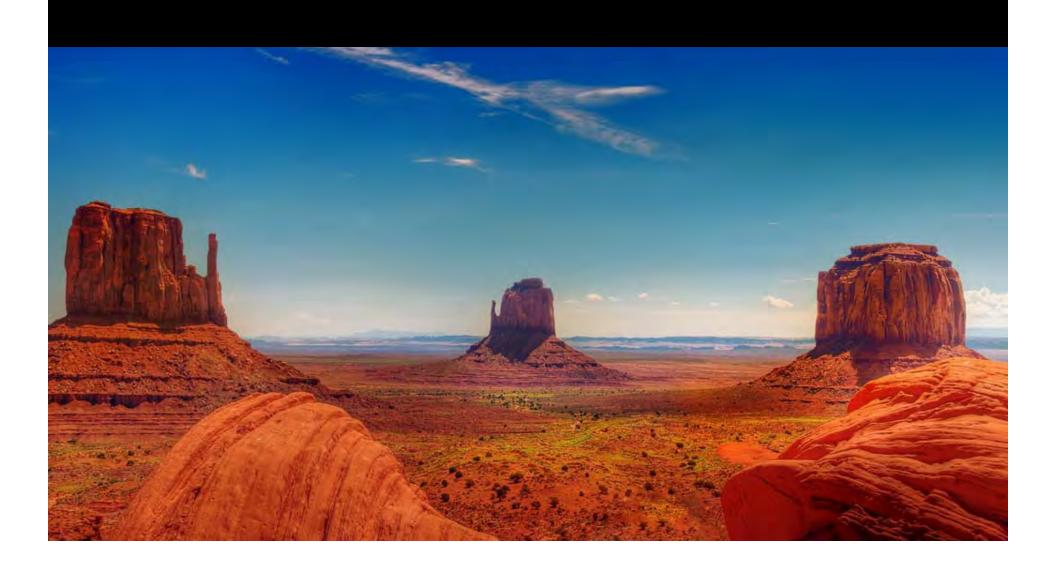
10TB Enterprise Tape Cartridge (Fuji/IBM)

<sup>\*</sup>Highest capacity shipping now or within 1 month. \*\*2TB flash drives now available

### We Have Worked With Thousands of Users



# **Our Perspective Of Storage Has Changed**



# **We Now Think About Deep Storage**



## Six Attributes of Deep Storage

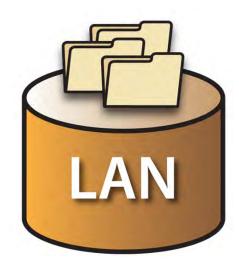
- DS3/REST Interface for Object Storage
- Persistent
- Cost Effective
- Efficient
- Secure
- Easy to integrate/deploy



## Deep Storage Uses DS3/REST for Objects



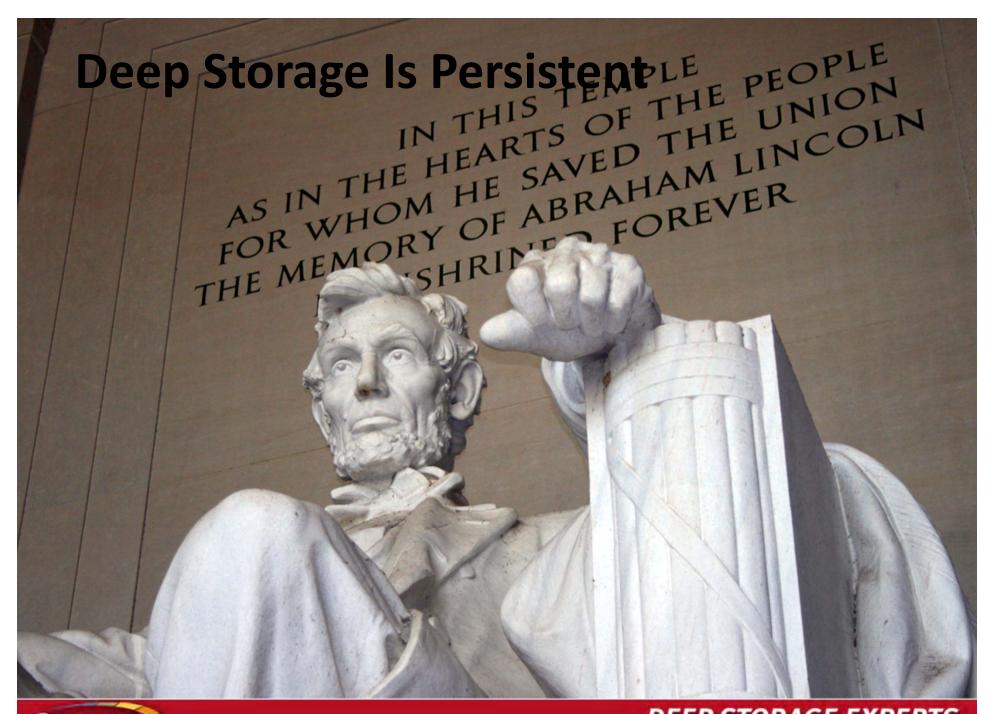
SCSI Fibre Channel



NFS/CIFS Ethernet



Public/Private Cloud Web Infrastructure



## **Deep Storage Is Cost Effective**

1/5<sup>th</sup> to 1/50<sup>th</sup> the cost per PB of traditional disk storage





# **Deep Storage Is Efficient**

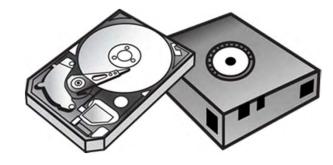


# **Deep Storage Is Secure**

- Connection is via https protocols
- Data is optionally encrypted at:







## **Deep Storage Is Easy To Deploy**

- DS3 protocols are very easy to use, allowing many new applications. Some 500,000 applications have been written for S3
- Simple web/http methods vs. years of development for block storage programming
- Massive storage applications can be prototypes in weeks and deployed in months
- This will dramatically reduce the barriers to entry for new storage intensive applications

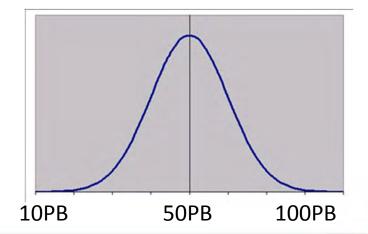


# **Deep Storage Applications**

- Media & Entertainment
- Video Surveillance
- Seismic / Geophysical
- Health & Genomics

- Internet / Public Cloud
- Copy Management
- Historical preservation
- HPC

What does it take to build a 50 PB Deep Storage repository?



## **How Does Deep Storage Work?**

**50 PB Client with Storage Storage** Repository Requirement **Deep Storage Appliance** (may be integrated in repository) **IP Network** FC or SAS CACHE DRIVES **Public/Private Cloud Interface Looking At These Storage Media: Objects** Created ✓ Good performance Can be optimized from the Appliance Sub-optimal



# Flash/SSD Array Storage: 50 PB

Verde	Capacity	Quantity	Price / Unit	Extended
1 Master, 9 expansions per rack, all with 96 2 TB SSD	1.920PB	31	\$6,663,865	\$206,579,883
TOTAL				\$206,579,883

### **Floor Space**

- 31 Racks
- 217 ft<sup>2</sup>





#### **Power**

- 0.1 watts / drive
- 29,760 Drives
- 2,976 watts total

#### **Chassis Power**

• 15,500 watts

### **Total System Power**

• 18,476 watts

#### **Rack Performance**

- 2,000 MB/s per system
- 209 TB/h solution

### Reliability

- Undetected Bit Error Rate:
- 1 bit in 10<sup>17</sup>

# 50PB Flash/SSD Storage System

### Persistent

- ✓ 100 years storage life
- Second copy must be replicated
- ✓ Low undetected error rates

### Cost Effective, not at (\$206M)

- Second copy requires replication and doubles cost
- ✓ Good SSD roadmap forward
  - But will never reach the cost per PB of disk, tape or optical

### Efficient

- ✓ Lowest power consumption/performance ratio
- Software data compression
- ✓ Proven growth path

### Secure

Software driven data encryption

### Easy to integrate/deploy

- ✓ Standard S3 commands
- ✓ Microseconds to access

## Facebook's Blu-Ray: 50 PB (100 GB Disks)

Blu-Ray	Capacity	Quantity	Price / Unit	Extended
Disk	100 GB	>500,000	\$13.60	\$6,800,000
Drives		2400	\$60	\$144,000
Robotics System (est.)	10,000 disks 48 drives	50	\$80,000	\$4,000,000
TOTAL				\$10,944,000

### **Floor Space**

- 50 Racks
- 330 ft<sup>2</sup>



#### **Power**

- 8.8 watts / drive
  - 400 watts/robotic system
- 30,560 watts total



#### **Drive Performance\***

- 18 MB/s per drive
- 103 TB/h solution

### Reliability

- Undetected Bit Error Rate:
- 1 bit in 10<sup>6</sup> to 10<sup>9</sup>

# **50PB Blu-Ray Storage System**

#### Persistent

- ✓ 50 years storage life
- Second copy can be transported off-site
- Poor error rate, additional ECC system (Forward Erasure Codes) would be needed

### Cost Effective (\$11M)

- The current capacity of disks is only 100GB—so it takes a lot of them
- Second copy requires media only but is expensive (\$6.8M)
- Uncertain cost roadmap forward, cost depends almost entirely on consumer adoption

### Efficient

- Low power consumption
- ✓ Growth path—300TB write once, 1PB in 5 years

### Secure

Files would need to be encrypted separately

### Easy to integrate/deploy

Requires DS3 priming commands with large cache of disk media, regular S3

### Cons

- Consumer grade storage. Failing drives are scrapped.
  - Will there be a consumer market?
- Drives have short life, and new designs will not necessarily be compatible



# Disk Arrays: 50 PB Usable

Verde	Capacity	Quantity	Price / Unit	Extended
Master with 9 Expansion Nodes	2.5 PB raw 2.2 PB available after ECC	23	\$883,500	\$20,320,500
TOTAL				\$20,320,500

### **Floor Space**

- 23 Racks
- 161 ft<sup>2</sup>



#### **Power**

- 11.72 watts / drive
- 9913 disk drives
- 106,267 watts total

#### **Chassis Power**

• 11,500 watts

### **Total System Power**

• 117,767 watts

#### **Performance**

- 2,000 MB/s system
- 158 TB/h Solution

### Reliability

 Undetected Bit Error Rate: 1 sector in 10<sup>15</sup> bits read



## **50PB Enterprise Disk Storage System**

#### Persistent

- **5**-7 years storage life
- Replication to make second copy
- ✓ Low undetected error rate when implemented and corrected with ZFS RAID

### Cost Effective (\$20.3M)

- High purchase cost
- Second copy requires replication of system (or write to other media)
- Roadmap challenge going forward with HAMR, SMR & patterned media

#### Efficient

- Costly to acquire, maintain and operate
- ✓ AFR predicts that only 67 drives will fail per year
- Compression can be accomplished by storage appliance

#### Secure

Requires external encryption unless more expensive encrypting drives are required

### Easy to integrate/deploy

- ✓ Very easy to connect to S3
- ✓ Ease of Integration makes Enterprise Disk an ideal caching system for other media



### LTO-6 & Library List Price: 50 PB Configuration

Tape Storage	Capacity	Quantity	Price / Unit	Extended
Tapes	2.5 TB each	20,000	\$60	\$1,440,000
Drives		48	\$18,950	\$909,600
Tape Library	20,000 tapes 48 drives Installation	1	\$2,154,922	\$2,154,922
TOTAL				\$4,504,522

#### **18 Library Frames**

Floor Space

• 157 Sq. Ft.

#### **Power**

- 37 watts / drive
- 1,776 watts (48 drives)
- 1,557 watts library
- 3,333 watts system

#### **Drive Performance**

- 160 MB/s per drive
- 27.6 TB/h solution



- Uncorrected error rate: 1
   bit per 10<sup>17</sup> bits read
- Undetected error rate: 1 bit per 1.6x10<sup>33</sup> bits read





## **Newest Enterprise & Library: 50 PB Configuration**

Tape Storage	Capacity	Quantity	Price / Unit	Extended
Tapes	10 TB each	5,004	\$250	\$1,251,000
Drives		48	\$25,000	\$1,200,000
Tape Library	5,000 tapes 48 drives Installation	1	\$1,171,244	\$1,171,244
TOTAL				\$3,622,244

#### **7 Library Frames**

Floor Space

• 70.5 Sq. Ft.



#### **Power**

- 46 watts / drive
- 2,208 watts (48 drives)
- 1,323 watts library
- 3,531 watts system



#### **Drive Performance**

- 360 MB/s per drive
- 62.2 TB/h solution

### Reliability

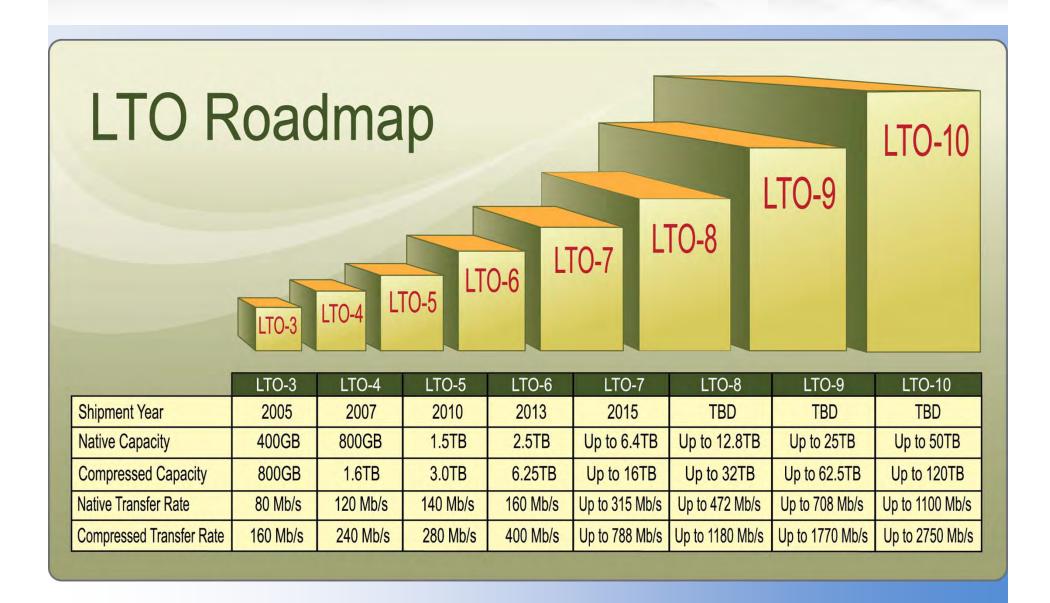
- Uncorrected error rate: 1
   bit per 10<sup>20</sup> bits read
- Undetected error rate: 1 bit per 1.6x10<sup>33</sup> bits read



# **50PB Tape Storage System**

- Persistent
  - ✓ 30 years storage life
  - ✓ LTFS Format for future readability
  - ✓ Second copy can be transported off-site
  - ✓ Lowest undetected error rate
- Cost Effective (\$3.6-4.5M)
  - ✓ Lowest Cost Storage
  - ✓ Second copy requires media only (\$1.2M)
  - ✓ Good roadmap forward

- Efficient
  - ✓ Lowest power consumption
  - ✓ Hardware data compression
  - ✓ Proven growth path
- Secure
  - ✓ Built in encryption with key standards
- Easy to integrate/deploy
  - Requires DS3 priming commands for awareness of tape media, otherwise S3
  - 60+ seconds to data <u>if no</u> caching is used





To put in perspective how reliable tape is with its undetected Error Rate of a single bit for every 1.6 x 10<sup>33</sup> bits read:

On average for a million tape or disk drives running continuously, at 300 and 200 Mbytes respectively, you get one undetectable tape bit error once every five times the age of the earth in comparison to 1,577 undetected bad sectors EVERY YEAR with disk.

## **How Can You Prevent Detected (Hard) Loss?**



### Disk

- Seagate states that .68%
   Annual Failure Rate /
   drive
- RAID 6 and longitudinal ECC can reduce bit error rate to ~equal tape. But make sure your RAID system has this.
- To provide geographic separation one needs to replicate



### Tape

- If 1 in 10,000 tapes are destroyed per year
- Make two copies. Then data loss is 1 tape in 100M.
- If that is not enough,
   make three copies, then
   data loss is 1 in 1 Trillion
- AND you get geographic separation

# **Areal Density**



- Disk Seagate 6TB enterprise
  - 6 platters \* 2 sides
  - 8.1 square inches/side useable
  - 97.2 square inches
  - 61 Gigabytes/square inch



- Next TS Enterprise tape
  - Single sided
  - 1132 useable meters
  - 22,283 square inches
  - 45 Gigabytes/square inch

Tape surface area / Disk surface area = 230x

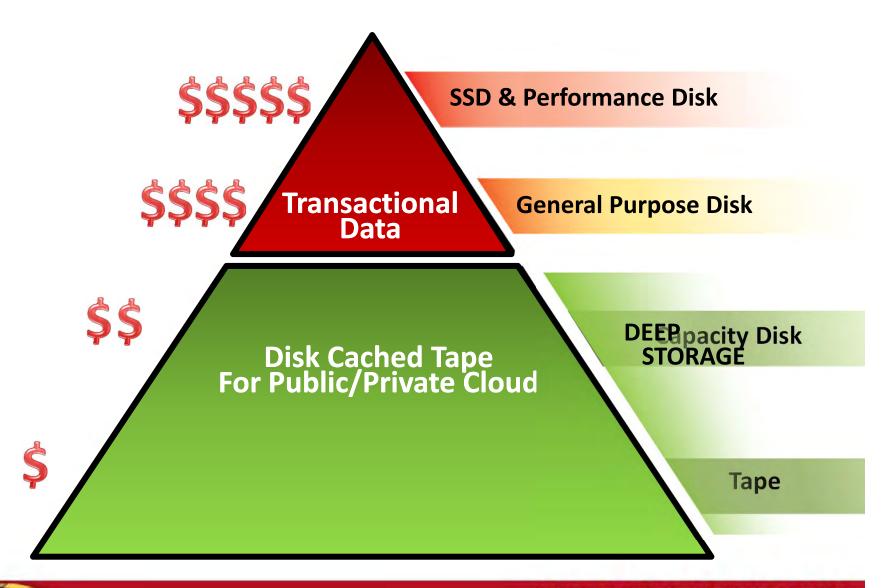
Disk areal density / Tape areal density = 127x

If we could record at disk rates on tape we could achieve ~1.4PB on a single tape!

# **Transformation Of Cloud Storage**

- At this point in time, cloud storage has been solely the domain of disk technology
- Today, I have shown how Tape can and will be used in private and public clouds
- And this will deliver
  - ✓ Greatest reliability
  - ✓ Greatest density
  - ✓ Greatest efficiency
  - ✓ Greatest persistence
  - ✓ Best cost model

# "Disrupting" The Storage Pyramid





# **Questions or Comments?**

**Thank You!** 



**DEEP STORAGE EXPERTS**